Continuing our investigations of the synthesis of analogs of nucleic bases [1], we have obtained 3-(ω -hydroxylalkyl)orotic acids (III) in about 40% yield by the condensation of monoethyl oxalacetate (I) with ω -hydroxyalkylureas (II) under conditions similar to the conditions used in the synthesis of 3-methylorotic acid [2]. The presence of a hydroxyalkyl group in the 3-position of the uracil ring is confirmed by the bathochromic effect in the UV absorption spectra on passing from acid to alkaline. 3-(ω -Bromoalkyl)-orotic acids (IV) were obtained in about 80% yield by heating III at 100°C for 3 h with 48% hydrobromic acid. Their ethyl esters were synthesized by passing dry hydrogen bromide into refluxing alcohol solutions of IV for 3 h. δ -Hydroxybutylurea (IIb) was obtained by the reaction of δ -hydroxybutylamine with nitrourea, as in the synthesis of β -hydroxyethylurea [3].

$$C_{2}H_{5}OCOCH_{2}COCOOH + HO(CH_{2})_{n}NHCONH_{2} - HO-(CH_{2})_{n}NHCONH_{2} - HO-(CH_{2})_{n}NHCOOH_{111} a, b$$

$$B_{r}-(CH_{2})_{n}NHCOOH_{111} a, b$$

$$COOH_{1V a, b} H COOC_{2}H_{5}$$

$$A_{n}=2: C_{n}=4$$

$$Va, b$$

EXPERIMENTAL

3-(β-Hydroxyethyl)orotic Acid (IIIa). This compound melted at 231-232°, solidified, and remelted at about 320° (from alcohol). Found %: C 42.0; H 4.1; N 14.2. C₇H₈N₂O₅. Calculated %: C 42.0; H 4.0; N 14.0.

3- $(\delta$ -Hydroxybutyl)orotic Acid (IIIb). This product melted at 210-212°, solidified, and remelted at about 300° (from alcohol). Found %: C 46.9; H 5.5; N 12.0. C₉H₁₂N₂O₅. Calculated %: C 47.3; H 5.3; N 12.3.

 $3-(\beta-Bromoethyl)$ orotic Acid (IVa). This product melted at 220-222°. Found %: Br 30.0. $C_7H_7BrN_2O_4$. Calculated %: Br 30.1.

 $3-(\delta-Bromobutyl)$ orotic Acid (IVb). This product melted at 181-183°. Found %: Br 26.6. $C_9H_{11}BrN_2O_4$. Calculated %: Br 27.4.

Ethyl 3-(β -Bromoethyl) Orotate (Va). This compound melted at 196-196.5° (from alcohol). Found %: C 37.3; H 3.8; Br 27.7. $C_9H_{11}BrN_2O_4$. Calculated %: C 37.1; H 3.8; Br 27.4.

Ethyl 3-(δ -Bromobutyl) Orotate (Vb). This compound melted at 137.5-138° (from alcohol). Found %: C 41.6; H 5.1; Br 25.0. $C_{11}H_{15}BrN_2O_4$. Calculated %: C 41.4; H 4.7; Br 25.0.

 $\underline{\delta}$ -Hydroxybutylurea (IIb). This compound melted at 81-83° (from methanol). Found %: C 45.8; H 9.2; N 21.3. C₅H₁₂N₂O₂. Calculated %: C 45.4; H 8.9; N 21.2.

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